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BEFORE THE REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

STATE OF NEVADA

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5. Waivers (Violation Nos. 6 and 7) Case No. 2017-1715

SHARATH CHANDRA, Administrator, REAL ESTATE DIVISIÓN,

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS & INDUSTRY, STATE OF NEVADA

Petitioner.

VS.

Respondent.

RESPONDENT TERRY NELSON'S MOTION TO DISMISS

COMES NOW Respondent, TERRY NELSON ("Nelson"), by and through her counsel of record, Richard L. Elmore, Esq. of the law firm of Richard L. Elmore, Chartered, and pursuant to NAC 645.840, requests that this Commission dismiss the Real Estate Division's Complaint against her, as follows:

I. **OVERVIEW**

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TERRY NELSON,

The Nevada Real Estate Division has filed a complaint against Nelson that alleges seven (7) violations that pertain to a number of property transactions in which Nelson, a real estate broker and agent, was involved over several years. The Division's alleged violations essentially address five categories:

- 1. Unfair Commission Offerings (Violation No. 1)
- 2. Earnest Money Deposits (Violation Nos. 2 and 5)
- MLS Listings (Violation No. 3) 3.
- Disclosures (Violation No. 4)

Counsel for the Division has agreed to stipulate to dismiss Violation No. 3, which alleges that Nelson delayed placement of fifteen (15) of the properties identified in the complaint on the MLS past the 48 hour period specified in the Exclusive Right to Sell Agreement. Because Nelson, in each instant identified by the Division in its complaint, had obtained waivers from her clients in reference to the 48 hour MLS listing period and forwarded those waivers to counsel for the Division, counsel for the Division has agreed that the Division cannot pursue that violation.

The remaining Violations in the Division's complaint are either being used to weaponize the State against Nelson in violation of anti-trust laws or, on their face, fail to state any claim against Nelson in relation to the authority on which they are based. Thus, Nelson requests that the Commission dismiss the Division's complaint against her.

II. ARGUMENT

The "Unfair Commission Offerings" basis for Violation No. 1 (the alleged unfair commission offerings) of the complaint is nothing more than an effort to weaponize the State against Nelson in violation of anti-trust laws. Moreover, the Division fails to allege the threshold and qualifying requirements for the applicability of the authority on which they rely in support of Violation Nos. 2 and 5 (the alleged earnest money deposit violations). Because the Division's allegations in support of Violation No. 3 (regarding the MLS listings) are contrary to the facts as they relate to the transactions that the Division identified in its complaint, counsel for the Division has stipulated to dismiss Violation No. 3. The Division fails to state any basis on which the Commission can make a finding adverse to Nelson regarding its allegations in support of Violation No. 4, which alleges that Nelson, as the seller's agent, failed to disclose her marriage to the buyer's agent in some of the transactions identified in the Complaint. Finally, the Division's allegations supporting Violation Nos. 6 and 7 (the alleged waiver violations) are obviated by the waivers that Nelson obtained from her clients and, therefore, fail to state a basis on which the Commission can make a finding adverse to Nelson. Thus,

the Division cannot support or maintain its complaint against Nelson.

A. The "Unfair Commission Offerings" basis for Violation No. 1 of the complaint is nothing more than an effort to weaponize the State against Nelson in violation of anti-trust laws.

Violation No. 1 in the Division's complaint alleges that Nelson violated NRS 645.633(1)(h) and/or NAC 645.605(6) on 21 occasions (all of the properties identified in the complaint) by not dealing fairly with sellers by offering undesirable commission, or no commission, to buyer's broker and, in so doing, obstructing the fair market and limiting prospective buyers. Complaint at 33, ¶ 1. Rather than calling this claim what it clearly is – alleged unfairness to buyers' agents (for which there is no authority to allege a violation) – the Division puts the focus on the sellers by alleging that Nelson did not represent the sellers with absolute fidelity. Based on the Division's allegations related to each of the properties to which this Violation relates¹, this claim is *clearly* based on complaints by a competitor of Nelson, and not by any of the sellers that Nelson represented in any of the transactions identified in the complaint. To that end, it is an effort to use the State's administrative process to impose a commission structure among realtors that violates anti-trust laws.

Notably, neither NRS 645.633(1)(h) nor NAC 645.605(6) impose on Nelson the obligation to ensure that the commissions she, as a seller's agent, and her selling clients

See, i.e., Complaint at 3, ¶¶ 9, 12 (the Quail Street property); 4-5, ¶¶ 24, 29, 31 (the Tourmaline Drive property); 7-8, ¶¶ 50, 51, 62 (the Blossom View Drive property); 9-10, ¶¶ 66, 67 (the Lindley Way property); 10-11, ¶¶ 79, 82 (the Halifax Drive property); 12, ¶¶ 92, 94 (the Michaelsen Drive property); 13, ¶¶ 103, 105 (the Rolling Clouds Drive property); 14-15, ¶¶ 117, 120 (the L Street property); 16, ¶¶ 132, 134 (the West Canary Circle property); 17, ¶¶ 142 (the Flower Street property); 18-19, ¶¶ 152,155, (the Tupelo Street property); 20, ¶¶ 166, 168 (the Parque Verde Lane property); 21-22, ¶¶ 180, 183 (the Matteoni Drive property – December 30, 2016, closing); 23, ¶¶ 191 the Matteoni Drive property – April 28, 2017, closing); 24, ¶¶ 201, 203 (the Tahoe Boulevard property); 25, ¶¶ 214, 217 (the 1920 Trainer Way property); 27, ¶¶ 229, 231 (the 1935 Trainer Way property); 28, ¶¶ 238, 240, (the Plumb Lane property); 29-30, ¶¶ 253, 255 (the Nevada Street property); 30-31, ¶¶ 262, 264 (the Locomotive Way property); 32, ¶¶ 272, 275, 284 (the Gemstone Drive property).

set include commission payments to buyers' agents. NRS 645.633(1)(h) permits the Commission to take action pursuant to NRS 645.630 against a licensee who "is guilty" of gross negligence or incompetence in performing any act for which the person is required to hold a real estate license. NAC 645.605(6) addresses the determination of whether a licensee has been guilty of gross negligence or incompetence under NRS 645.633(1)(h). In relevant part, it states that, in determining whether a licensee has been guilty of gross negligence or incompetence, the Commission is to consider whether the licensee has breached her obligation to deal fairly with all parties to a real estate transaction. The complaint's focus on Nelson's fairness to the seller in reference to the alleged undesirable commissions to the buyer's agent as obstructing the fair market and limiting prospective buyers ignores: (1) that every single transaction identified in the complaint closed with a qualified buyer; and (2) that it is the seller's and the seller's agent's prerogative to decide what commission to offer to a buyer's agent in any listing agreement to sell real property. Indeed, nothing in NRS Chapter 645 addresses what commission amounts or percentages are required to be paid to licensees in real estate transactions consummated in Nevada, nor does it define or address "unfavorable commissions" in the context of the basis for the Division's allegations supporting Violation No. 1. That is because anti-trust law does not authorize thereal estate boards/commissions to impose a systematic use of fixed commission rates by real estate firms or brokers in a given area. See, i.e., See, United States v. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 339 U.S. 485, 70 S.Ct. 711 (1950) (because services provided by real estate agents are within the definition of "trade," standard commission rates adopted by a real estate board/commission for its members constitutes a per se violation of the Sherman Antitrust Act) and McLain v. Real Estate Board of New Orleans, Inc., 444 U.S. 232, 100 S.Ct. 502 (1980); accord, Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. 1, et. seq.; see also NRS 598A.030(2) (Legislative declaration regarding NRS Chapter 598A (Unfair Trade Practices)), NRS 598A.050 (Construction of NRS Chapter 598A to be construed in harmony with prevailing judicial

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interpretations of federal antitrust statutes), and 589A.060(1) (prohibited acts). To that end, for the Commission to entertain a violation claim that suggests that there should be some standard of establishing real estate commission rates for sellers' and buyers' agents in all real estate transactions would necessarily violate anti-trust laws. *Id.* Thus, because any finding by the Commission that Nelson did not "deal fairly" with her sellers (NAC 645.605(6)) by the "unfavorable" commissions that she and her clients offered to buyers' brokers would necessarily require a determination by the Commission regarding real estate commissions that would tread on anti-trust laws in violation of NRS Chapter 598A, there is no basis on which the Division can maintain its claim in Violation No. 1.

B. The Division fails to allege the threshold and qualifying requirements for the applicability of the authority on which they rely in support of Violation Nos. 2 and 5 (the alleged earnest money deposit violations).

The Division's allegations supporting Violation Nos. 2 and 5 (Complaint at 34, ¶¶ 2 and 5) fail to include the threshold and qualifying requirements for the application of the authority to which the Division cites in support of the earnest money violations it alleges. Presumably, that is because the authority on which the Division relies does not apply to Nelson under the circumstances alleged. To that end, the omissions from the Division's allegations supporting Violation Nos. 2 and 5 are determinative, as follows:

1. Violation No. 2:

Violation No. 2 accuses Terry of violating NRS 645.252 and/or NRS 645.630(1)(k) on 18 occasions by failing to exercise reasonable skill and care to ensure that the buyer's earnest money was timely deposited within one (1) business day of the seller's acceptance, per the provisions of the Offer and Acceptance Agreement and, where applicable, the short sale addendum. The provision of NRS 645.252 applicable to this alleged violation states:

A licensee who acts as an agent in a real estate transaction . . . Shall exercise reasonable skill and care with respect to all parties to the real estate transaction.

NRS 645.252(2). NRS 645.630(1)(k) permits the Commission to impose certain disciplinary penalties on a licensee if that licensee is "found guilty" of:

Upon acceptance of an agreement, in the case of a broker, <u>failing to deposit</u> any check or cash <u>received</u> as earnest money before the end of the next banking day unless otherwise provided in the purchase agreement.

Initially, because NRS 645.252(2) does not specifically address a licensee's handling of earnest money, it is NRS 645.630(1)(k) that is at issue and serves as the basis for the Division's citation to the general "reasonable skill and care" provision of NRS 645.252 that appears to be addressed in the Division's statement of Violation No. 2.

To the extent that the Division's citation to NRS 645.252(2) contemplates the more specific provision of NRS 645.630(1)(k)², the two provisions address different standards of care/conduct. While NRS 645.252(2) contemplates a negligence standard in reference to the duties it imposes, NRS 645.630(1)(k) indicates a quasi-criminal standard based upon its language of "found guilty of" and the penalties that are available for such a violation.

Notwithstanding that discrepancy in those two provisions, and assuming that the conduct addressed in NRS 645.630(1)(k) is the basis for the Division's allegation that Nelson failed to "exercise reasonable skill and care" in reference to how it claims she handled the earnest money in the eighteen (18) transactions to which it cites, the Division's complaint fails to allege the fundamental requirements for this violation to come into play – that Nelson *received* any earnest money for the purpose of depositing it, or that she had any ability to actually *deposit* the money. *See* NRS 645.630(1)(k). Indeed, the subsection of NRS 645.630 that the Division cites as the basis of Violation No. 2 necessarily contemplates NRS 645.310, which addresses brokers' deposits and trust accounts. For instance, NRS 645.310 states, in relevant part:

On its own, NRS 645.252(2) is too general and broad to impose on any licensee the specific conduct addressed in NRS 645.630(1)(k).

If a real estate broker receives money, as a broker, which belongs to others, the real estate broker shall promptly deposit the money in a separate checking account located in a bank or credit union in this State which must be designated a trust account. All down payments, earnest money deposits, rents, or other money which the real estate broker receives, on behalf of a client or any other person, must be deposited in the account unless all persons who have any interest in the money have agreed otherwise in writing. A real estate broker may pay to any seller or the seller's authorized agent the whole or any portion of such special deposit. The real estate broker is personally responsible and liable for such deposit at all times. A real estate broker shall not permit any advance payment of money belonging to others to be deposited in the real estate broker's business or personal account or to be commingled with any money he or she may have on deposit.

See NRS 645.310(4).

In this case, *all* of the allegations in the Division's complaint that support the Division's allegation that Nelson "violated" NRS 645.252(2) and/or NRS 645.630(1)(k) by failing to ensure that the buyer's earnest money was timely deposited within one (1) business day of the seller's acceptance identify First American Title Company, not Nelson, as the entity with which the earnest money checks were "deposited." Those allegations are summed up, as follows:

For eleven (11) of the occasions identified in the Division's Complaint, the Receipt for Deposit from the Title Company (First American Title Company) for the buyer's earnest money deposit was dated between two (2) and (3) business days after the seller accepted the buyer's offer. *See* Complaint at 3, ¶¶ 14, 15, 16 (the Quail Street property); 5-7, ¶¶ 32, 33, 34, 35, 39, 40, 41, 42 (the Tourmaline Drive property – two transactions); 8, ¶¶ 54, 55, 56, 57 (the Blossom View Drive property); 12-13, ¶¶ 97, 98, 99 (the Michaelsen Drive property); 18, ¶¶ 146, 147, 148 (the Flower Street property); 20-21, ¶¶ 170, 172, 173, 174 (the Parque Verde Lane property); 23, ¶¶ 195, 196, 197, 198 (the Matteoni Drive property); 25-26, ¶¶ 219, 221, 222, 223 (the Trainer Way property); 30, ¶¶ 257, 258, 259 (the Nevada Street property); 31, ¶¶ 266, 267, 268 (the Locomotive Way property). In all but three of those transactions (those three properties being addressed in reference

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to Violation No. 5, below), the earnest money check was payable to First American Title Company.

- For five (5) of the occasions identified in the Division's complaint, the Receipt for Deposit from the Title Company (First American Title Company) for the buyer's earnest money deposit was dated between five (5) and eleven (11) business days after the seller accepted the buyer's offer. See Complaint at 13-14, ¶¶ 107, 111, 112, 113 (the Rolling Clouds Drive property); 15-16, ¶¶ 122, 126, 127, 128 (the L Street property); 19, ¶¶ 157, 159, 160, 161 (the Tupelo Street property); 24, ¶¶ 205, 207, 208, 209 (the Tahoe Boulevard property); 28-29, ¶¶ 242, 244, 245, 246 (the Plumb Lane property). In all of those transactions, the earnest money check was payable to First American Title Company.
- For two (2) of the occasions identified in the Division's complaint, it was the Final Settlement Statement from First American Title Company that provided the information on which the Division relied regarding when the earnest money deposit was deposited in relation to date on which the seller accepted the buyer's offer. According to the title company's Final Settlement Statement for those transactions, one of the earnest money checks was deposited seven (7) business days after the seller accepted the buyer's offer (Complaint at 17, ¶¶ 136, 137, 138 the West Canary Circle property), and the other was deposited approximately two (2) months after the seller accepted the buyer's offer (Id. at 32-33, ¶¶ 277, 279, 280, 281 the Gemstone Drive property). In both of those transactions, the earnest money check was payable to First American Title Company.

Notably absent from the Division's allegations that relate to Violation No. 2, is a *single* allegation:

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- that Nelson actually *received* any of the earnest money checks from her clients, as required for the application of NRS 645.630(1)(k);
- if she did *receive* those checks, that she had the ability to "deposit" that money as required and contemplated by NRS 645.310 and NRS 645.630(1)(k); and/or
- that Nelson had a trust account into which such a deposit could or would be made (NRS 645.310).

In fact, the Division makes no allegations: (1) that Terry ever handled a single earnest money check: (2) that any of the earnest money checks alleged in the complaint were intended to be received by Terry for purposes of depositing that money into a trust account as described by NRS 645.310; or (3) that she, and not her clients, were the individuals who delivered the earnest money checks to First American Title Company. On the other hand, each "Receipt for Deposit" referenced by the Division in the sixteen (16) occasions identified above that cite to Receipts for Deposit from the title company identify the buyer as the individual from whom the earnest money deposit was received by the Title Company. See the "Receipts for Deposit" provided by the Division in support of its complaint for sixteen of the occasions on which the Division bases its earnest money deposit violations (in order as listed above), attached as Exhibit 1. Not a single Receipt for Deposit identifies Nelson as the individual who delivered the earnest money check to the title complaint. Id. For the two (2) occasions that cite to the Title Company's Final Settlement Statement as it concerns the earnest money deposit, those statements only identify deposits made by the buyer. See Final Settlement Statements provided by the Division in support of its complaint for two of the occasions on which the Division bases its earnest money deposit violations (in order as listed above), attached as Exhibit 2.

There are also no allegations that Nelson had any control over when First American Title Company, which received every single earnest money deposit check identified in the complaint, dated their Receipts for Deposit in relation to when the earnest money checks were delivered to First American Title Company. As noted above, for all but the first three of the properties identified, the earnest money checks

were made payable to First American Title Company. And as for the first three checks that were allegedly made out to Great Western Real Estate, the allegations and the Division's own documents (included in Exhibit 1) are that those checks were delivered to First American Title Company, not that they were intended to be deposited into a trust account that is governed by NRS 645.310 and necessarily intended in NRS 645.630(1)(k). Thus, nothing in what the Division has alleged against Nelson in support of Violation No. 2 provides any basis on which it can pursue that claim against Nelson, and its own documents on which its allegations are based establish otherwise. See Exhibits 1 and 2.

2. Violation No. 5:

Violation No. 5 accuses Terry of violating NR 645.630(1)(f) and/or NRS 645.252(2) on 3 occasions by failing to exercise reasonable skill and care to ensure that the buyer's earnest money check, which named Terry's broker (Great Western Real Estate) as payee, was accounted for within a reasonable time after remitted to title and escrow.

NRS 645.630(1)(f) permits the Commission to impose certain disciplinary penalties on a licensee if that licensee is "found guilty" of "Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or to remit any money which comes into his or her possession and which belongs to others." NRS 645.252(2) requires a licensee who acts as an agent in a real estate transaction to exercise reasonable skill and care with respect to all parties to the real estate transaction.

As more fully addressed in response to Violation No. 2, above, NRS 645.252(2) does not specifically address a licensee's handling of money that comes into his or her possession. To that end, it is NRS 645.630(1)(f) that is at issue and serves as the basis for the Division's citation to the general "reasonable skill and care" provision of NRS 645.252 that appears to be addressed in the Division's statement of Violation No. 5.

To the extent that the Division's citation to NRS 645.252(2) contemplates the more specific provision of NRS 645.630(1)(f)³, the two provisions address different standards of care/conduct. While NRS 645.252(2) contemplates a negligence standard in reference to the duties it imposes, NRS 645.630(1)(k) indicates a quasi-criminal standard based upon its language of "found guilty of" and the penalties that are available for such a violation.

Notwithstanding that discrepancy in those two provisions, and assuming that the conduct addressed in NRS 645.630(1)(f) is the basis for the Division's allegation that Nelson failed to "exercise reasonable skill and care" in reference to how it claims she handled the earnest money checks in the three (3) transactions to which it cites, the Division's complaint fails to allege the fundamental requirements for this violation to come into play – that Nelson was actually ever in possession of the earnest money checks identified in the three property transactions, or that any alleged delay in the money being remitted to the Title Company that received it was unreasonable. *See* NRS 645.630(1)(f).

In this case, the allegations in the Division's complaint that support its allegation that Nelson "violated" NRS 645.252(2) and/or NRS 645.630(1)(f) in three (3) of the properties identified in the complaint state that the Receipts for Deposit from First American Title Company for the earnest money checks for those properties were dated between two (2) and (3) business days after the seller accepted the buyer's offer. *See* Complaint at 3, ¶¶ 14, 15, 16 (the Quail Street property); 5-7 at ¶¶ 32, 33, 34, 35, 39, 40, 41, 42 (the Tourmaline Drive property – two transactions); 8, ¶¶ 54, 55, 56, 57 (the Blossom View Drive property). *Nowhere* in its complaint or in the allegations concerning the three (3) properties at issue in Violation No. 5 does the Division allege: (1) that Nelson actually came into possession of the earnest money deposit checks

On its own, NRS 645.252(2) is too general and broad to impose on any licensee the specific conduct addressed in NRS 645.630(1)(f).

identified in those allegations; or (2) what applicable time elapsed before the earnest money checks at issue were remitted to and/or received by the Title Company. The only reference in the Division's allegations to any time that elapsed was between when the offers for those properties were accepted and when the Receipts for Deposit by the Title company for those checks was dated. Notwithstanding that no "triggering" event (i.e., when Nelson came into possession of any of the earnest money checks) is alleged in support of the allegations that support Violation No. 5 in reference to whether Nelson remitted money that came into her possession in a reasonable time, the time between when the seller accepted the buyer's offer and when the Title Company dated the Receipt for Deposit of those funds is between two (2) and three (3) business days. To the extent that seller's acceptance of the buyer's offer in those transactions could be considered a "triggering" event for purposes of NRS 645.630(1)(f), there are no allegations or reference to any authority that renders either two (2) or three (3) business days an unreasonable amount of time. Thus, on its face, the complaint does not state a basis on which the Division can pursue Violation No. 5 of its complaint against Nelson.

C. Because the Division's allegations in support of Violation No. 3 are contrary to the facts as they relate to the transactions that the Division identified in its complaint, counsel for the Division has stipulated to dismiss Violation No. 3.

As explained above, counsel for the Division has stipulated to dismiss Violation No. 3 (alleging that Nelson delayed placement of fifteen (15) properties identified in the complaint on the MLS beyond the 48 hour period specified in the Exclusive Right to Sell Agreement without obtaining waivers from her clients) because Nelson had, in fact, obtained waivers from her clients in those fifteen transactions in reference to the 48 hour MLS listing requirement, and produced those waivers to the Division's counsel. Thus, because the Division's allegations are completely contrary to the actual facts related to the transactions the Division identifies in its complaint, the Division cannot pursue Violation No. 3 against Nelson.

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D. The Division fails to state any basis on which the Commission can make a finding adverse to Nelson regarding its allegations in support of Violation No. 4 of the complaint that Nelson, as the seller's agent, failed to disclose her marriage to Brian Nelson, who was identified by the Division as the buyer's agent in some of the transactions identified in the complaint.

In Violation No. 4 of its complaint, the Division accuses Nelson of violating NRS 645.252(1)(a) and/or NAC 645.605(4)(b) on thirteen (13) occasions by failing to disclose in writing Terry's marriage to Brian, who acted as the buyer's agent. Complaint at 34, ¶ 4. In most of its allegations related to the occasions it identifies in its complaint, the Division simply alleges that Nelson failed to make written disclosure about her marriage to the buyer's agent to either the buyer or the seller. Complaint at 9, ¶ 64 (the Blossom View Drive property); 10, ¶ 76 (the Lindley property); 11, ¶ 89 (the Halifax Drive property); 14, ¶ 110 (the Rolling Clouds Drive property); 15, ¶ 125 (the L Street property); 19, ¶ 158 (the Tulepo Street property); 20, ¶ 171 (the Parque Verde Lane property); 22, ¶ 186 (the Matteoni Drive property); 24, ¶ 206 (the Tahoe Boulevard property); 26, ¶ 220 (the Trainer Way property); 28, ¶ 243 (the Plumb Lane property); 32, ¶ 278 (the Gemstone Drive property). While some of the short sale occasions identified above make reference to the "Arm's Length Transaction" requirement that is common in short sales, the Division squarely accuses Nelson of violating the "Arm's Length Transaction" affidavit in one of the occasions identified in the Complaint by failing to disclose her marriage to the buyer's agent. See Complaint at 4, ¶¶ 25 and 26 (the Tourmaline Drive property). Neither the authority on which the Division relies nor the "Arm's Length transaction" requirement for short sales, however, provides a basis on which the Commission can make a finding adverse to Nelson.

1. The authority to which the Division cites in support of Violation No. 4 does not provide a basis on which the Commission can make a finding adverse to Nelson.

As just stated, the Division cites to NRS 645.252(1)(a) and NAC 645.605(4)(b) as the basis for Violation No. 4 in its Complaint. Complaint at 34, ¶ 4. NRS

645.252(1)(a) requires a real estate licensee to disclose to each party to a real estate transaction any material and relevant facts, data or information that the licensee knows, or by the exercise of reasonable care and diligence should have known, *relating to the property* that is the subject of the transaction. NAC 645.605(4)(b) states that, in determining whether a licensee has been guilty of gross negligence or incompetence under NRS 645.633(1)(h) or conduct that constitutes deceitful, fraudulent or dishonest dealing under NRS 645.633(1)(i), the Commission is to consider whether the licensee has disclosed, in writing, his or her interest or contemplated interest in any property with which the licensee is dealing, including a statement of the licensee's affiliation with or financial interest in any person or company that furnishes services related to the property. As they are cited by the Division, neither provision is a basis on which the Division can pursue Violation No. 4 against Nelson.

Initially, NRS 645.252(1)(a) requires disclosure of information related to the property. The person to whom Nelson, as a broker/agent in the transaction, is married is not information that relates to the property, and nothing else in NRS 645.252(1)(a) requires an agent's written disclosure of his or her relationship to another agent involved in the transaction. Indeed, Nelson and her husband are a husband and wife real estate team and have always conducted their business as such, and it is information that is well known to all with whom they do business, and is otherwise a matter of public record. Thus, NRS 645.252(1)(a) does not provide a basis on which the Commission can make a finding against Nelson in reference to Violation No. 4 of the Division's complaint.

Moreover, NAC 645.605(4)(b) does not provide an independent basis on which the Division can base Violation No. 4. On its face, NAC 645.605(4)(b) is an adjunct to and is dependent on NRS 645.633(1). Indeed, the title of NAC 645.605 is "Considerations in determining certain misconduct by licensee." (emphasis added). That "certain misconduct" to which NAC 645.605 refers is that identified in NRS 645.633(1), which lists a litany of willful misconduct that is not, and could not be, at

issue in reference to Violation No. 4. Nowhere in its complaint does the Division allege any of the misconduct identified by NRS 645.633(1) in relation to: (1) its allegations that Nelson did provide written disclosure of her marriage to Brian Nelson (information that is well known to all with whom they do business *and that is in the public domain*); (2) or its citation to NAC 645.605(4)(b). As a consequence, the Division has failed to allege any legal basis on which the Commission could make an adverse finding against Nelson in reference to Violation No. 4.

2. The "Arm's Length Transaction" requirement for the occasions identified in the Division's complaint has nothing to do with the relationship between the agents for the parties to the transaction.

In accusing Nelson of violating the "Arm's Length Transaction" affidavit in one of the occasions identified in reference to Violation No. 4, the Division quotes the language of the affidavit on which it bases that claim. See Complaint at 4, ¶¶ 25 and 26 (the Tourmaline Drive property), alleging that, in reference to Nelson's failure to disclose her marriage to Brian Nelson, the "Arm's Length Transaction" affidavit specified that the sale of the property "...is an 'arm's length' transaction, between parties who are unrelated and unaffiliated by family, marriage, or commercial enterprise." However, both by definition and by the language of what is at issue reference to the "Arm's Length Transaction" Affidavit quoted by the Division, an "Arm's Length Transaction" is directed at the parties to the transaction, and has nothing to do with any relationship between the representative agents for the parties. Indeed, the "Arm's Length Transaction" affidavit quoted by the Division specifically identifies the "parties" to the transaction as the "Seller(s)" and "Buyer(s)" – a detail that is noticeably absent from the Division's complaint. See Affidavit of "Arm's Length Transaction" for the Tourmaline property from which the Division quotes, attached as Exhibit 3. That identification of the "parties" in that affidavit is entirely consistent with how an "Arm's Length Transaction" is defined. It is:

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1. A transaction between two unrelated and unaffiliated parties.

- 2. A transaction between two *parties*, however closely related they may be, conducted as if the *parties* were strangers, so that no conflict of interest arises. *U.S. Bank N.A. v. Vill. At Lakeridge, LLC (In re Vill. at Lakeridge, LLC)*, 814 F.3d 993, 1001 n.11 (9th Cir., 2016), *quoting* Black's Law Dictionary (10th ed.2014). Thus, because the representative agents in the transaction are not "parties" to the transaction, the "Arm's Length Transaction" affidavit on which the Division bases its allegations regarding Nelson's alleged failure to provide written disclosure of her marriage to Brian Nelson is not a basis on which the Commission can make a finding adverse to Nelson in reference to Violation No. 4. Thus, on the face of the Division's complaint, there is no legal or factual basis for Violation No. 4.
 - E. The Division's allegations supporting Violation Nos. 6 and 7 are obviated by the waivers that Nelson obtained from her clients and, therefore, fail to state a basis on which the Commission can make a finding adverse to Nelson.

The Division's allegations in support of Violation No. 6 ignore that: (1) the waivers that Nelson obtained from her clients are entirely consistent with NRS 645.254(4); and (2) the Division's Waiver Form creates an impossible situation in real estate transactions that is neither intended nor prescribed by NRS 645.254(4). Moreover, the legal and factual bases on which the Division supports Violation No. 7 is completely nonsensical and otherwise obviated by the waivers that preclude the Division's ability to pursue Violation No. 3. Thus, the Division fails to state violation on which the Commission can make any finding adverse to Nelson.

1. The Division's allegations in support of Violation No. 6 ignore that: (1) the waivers that Nelson obtained from her clients are entirely consistent with NRS 645.254(4); and (2) the Division's Waiver Form creates an impossible situation in real estate transactions that is neither intended nor prescribed by NRS 645.254(4).

The Division alleges that Nelson violated NRS 645.254(4) on three (3) occasions by failing to have her clients waive the duty of the licensee to present all offers on the Division's waiver form. Complaint at 35, ¶ 6. In each of those specific

instances, the division alleges that Nelson "...failed to obtain a signature from the sellers on the Division's Waiver Form allowing a licensee to not perform the statutory duty of presenting all offers made regarding the subject property." Complaint at 2, ¶ 8 (Quail Street property); 4, ¶ 23 (Tourmaline Drive property); 7, ¶ 49 (Blossom View Drive property). In each of the three "occasions" identified in the Division's complaint, however, the Division acknowledges that Nelson's clients signed a hand-written waiver that stated that: (1) Nelson was not obligated to present all offers; (2) the seller waived Nelson's obligation to present all offers; and (3) Nelson may present to the seller any offer she believed to be in the client's best interests. Complaint at 2, ¶ 7 (Quail Street property); 4, ¶ 11 (Tourmaline Drive property); 7, ¶ 48 (Blossom View Drive property). Nelson included that waiver in those transactions because the Division's "waiver form" creates a scenario that is nonsensical, unreasonable, and not applicable in the real estate transactions the Division has put at issue in this case.

Indeed, NRS 645.254(4) requires that a licensee present all offers made to or by the client as soon as is practicable, unless the client chooses to waive that duty and signs a waiver of the duty on a form prescribed by the Division. The Division's waiver form states that the licensee who represents the client "shall not present any offers made to or by" the client. See the Division's waiver form, Exhibit 4 (emphasis added).4 In other words, the licensee is either required by statute to present all offers to the client, or, if the client waives that obligation per the Division's waiver form, the licensee is prohibited from presenting any offers at all regarding the property. It is an all or nothing proposition, which is even contrary to the Division's own allegations regarding its Waiver Form. As stated above, the Division alleges that Nelson "...failed to obtain a signature from the sellers on the Division's Waiver Form allowing a licensee to not perform the statutory duty of presenting all offers made regarding the

This waiver form was downloaded from the Division's website for the purpose of inclusion with this motion. That form is located at: http://red.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/rednvgov/Content/Forms/636.pdf

subject property." Complaint at 2, ¶ 8 (Quail Street property); 4, ¶ 23 (Tourmaline Drive property); 7, ¶ 49 (Blossom View Drive property) (emphasis added). The Division's Waiver Form, however, does not "allow" a licensee not to present all offers made regarding the subject property. On its face, it *prohibits* the licensee from presenting *any* offers regarding the subject property. Exhibit 4. On the other hand, the hand-written waiver that Nelson had her clients sign is entirely consistent with the Division's own description of the intended effect of its waiver ("allowing" a licensee not to present all offers, as stated in its allegations quoted above) and with the statute that addresses a client's ability to waive a licensee's duty to present all offers made to or by the client (NRS 645.254(4)).

It cannot reasonably be that the Division intends that a licensee is either required to present all offers to a client as required by NRS 645.254(4) or is prohibited from presenting any offers at all to the client as stated in its Waiver Form. That scenario is simply unrealistic, and ignores what is clearly the general premise of NRS 645.254(4) – that a licensee's client may waive the licensee's duty to present all offers to the client. Indeed, if the latter is true – that a licensee whose client signs the Division's Waiver Form is prohibited from presenting the client with any offers – then real estate listings subject to that waiver could not reasonably proceed beyond just being listing. To that end, Nelson's waivers afforded more protection to her clients than the Division's Waiver Form.

2. The legal and factual bases on which the Division supports Violation No. 7 is completely nonsensical and otherwise obviated by the waivers that preclude the Division's ability to pursue Violation No. 3.

Finally, in Violation No. 7, the Division alleges that Nelson violated NRS 645.254(4) on 4 occasions by failing to have her clients waive the duty of a licensee to present all offers on the division's waiver form, which is apparently evidenced by its allegations that Nelson did not put those listings on the MLS until an offer submitted through her brokerage was already accepted. Complaint at 35, ¶ 7. The allegations

supporting those four (4) occasions the Division identifies, however, contain no allegations whatsoever regarding Nelson's failure to obtain a waiver from her clients under the circumstances it claims is a violation for her failure to obtain a waiver. *See* Complaint at 17-18, ¶¶ 141-150 (the Flower Street property); 26-27, ¶¶ 228-236 (the Trainer Way property); 29-30, ¶¶ 252-260 (the Nevada Street property); 30-31, ¶¶ 261-270 (the Locomotive Way property). Indeed, it is an alleged violation that makes absolutely no sense, and is otherwise obviated by the MLS waivers Nelson received from her clients that have obligated the Division's counsel to agree to dismiss Violation No. 3. *See, supra*.

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As stated above, NRS 645.254(4) states that a licensee who has entered into a brokerage agreement to represent a client in a real estate transaction shall "...present all offers made to or by the client as soon as is practicable, unless the client chooses to waive the duty of the licensee to present all offers and signs a waiver of the duty on a form prescribed by the Division." Nothing in the statute or in the Division's allegations in reference to Violation No. 7 aligns the requirement for a waiver of the requirement that a licensee present his/her clients with all offers on the property in the context of when a licensee lists a property on the MLS in reference to an accepted offer. Indeed, whether and when the property that is listed by a licensee is listed on the MLS has nothing to do with whether the licensee received any offers to present to her client and whether those offers were presented. Moreover, as explained in reference to Violation No. 3, Nelson received waivers from her clients in reference to the 48-hour MLS listing period requirement for each of the properties identified by the Division in Violation No. 7 (which are included in those properties identified in Violation No. 3). As a consequence, because Nelson was not required to submit those properties to the MLS within the otherwise required 48 hour time period, the time when they were listed on the MLS has nothing to do with any offers that were submitted Nelson on those properties and whether Nelson's clients waived Nelson's duty to present all offers to them. Thus, there is no legal or factual basis on which the Division can pursue

Violation No. 7 against Nelson. III. CONCLUSION Based on the foregoing, Nelson requests that the Commission dismiss the Division's complaint against Nelson in its entirety. **AFFIRMATION** Pursuant to NRS 239B.030 The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person. DATED this 20 day of July, 2019. RICHARD L. ELMORE, CHTD. Richard L. Elmore, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1405 3301 So .Virginia St., Ste. 125 Reno, Nevada 89502 (775) 357-8170 relmore@rlepc.com Attorney for Respondent Terry Nelson

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	I hereby certify that on this date, I personally caused to be served a true copy o		
3	the foregoing RESPONDENT TERRY NELSON'S MOTION TO DISMISS by th		
4	method indicated and addressed to the following:		
5			
6	Peter K. Keegan	Via U.S. Mail Via Overnight Mail	
7	Deputy Attorney General 100 North Carson Street	Via Hand Delivery Via Facsimile	
8	Carson City, Nevada 89701 Attorney for Real Estate Division	Via Facsinine Via ECF	
9			
10	nl		
11	DATED this ZZ day of July, 2019.		
12			
13		Cumbaf Life	
14			
15		Richard L. Elmore	
16			
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EXHIBIT 1



PR: 32004

Ofc: 121

DATE:

09/17/2013

RECEIPT NO.:

1249118305

FILE NO.:

121-2451810

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$1,800.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Darren D. Harmon

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

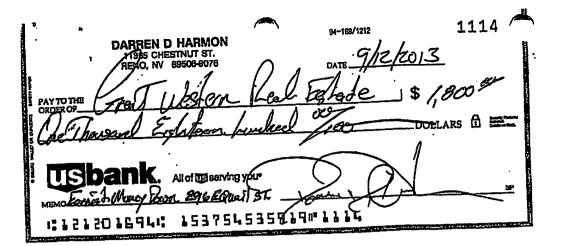
Comments:

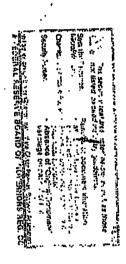
Property Location: 296 East Quail Street, Sparks, NV 89431

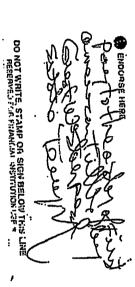
BY: Melissa Morales, 09/17/2013 ESCROW OFFICER: Lori Silva

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

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PR: 32004

Ofc: 121

DATE:

08/12/2013

RECEIPT NO .:

1249117878

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2452531

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$5,000.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Terese G. Huerstel

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 14070 Tourmaline Drive, Reno, NV 89521

BY: Colleen Locker, 08/12/2013

ESCROW OFFICER: Colleen Locker

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account." buter deposited directly with escrow

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13570 GOLD RUN DR
RENO, NV 89521-8338

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Valued Customer Since 1986

ESCROW

For 4070 Journaline Dr

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PR: 32004

Ofc: 121

DATE:

11/27/2013

RECEIPT NO .:

1249119224

FILE NO.:

121-2458273

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$3,000.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Rodolfo R. Pichardo

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 14070 Tourmaline Drive, Reno, NV 89521

BY: Melissa Morales, 11/27/2013 ESCROW OFFICER: Lori Silva

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

657 MILADY B BREA RODOLFO R PICHARDO 26847: PADDINGTON CT (851) 304-1371



PR: 32004

Ofe: 121

DATE:

09/06/2013

RECEIPT NO.: 1249118192

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2453934

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$5,000.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: James Healey

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 2080 Blossom View Drive, Sparks, NV 89434

BY: Lynn Stednick, 09/06/2013

ESCROW OFFICER: Colleen Locker

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

Customer Copy



PR: 32004

Ofc: 121

DATE:

09/26/2014

RECEIPT NO.:

1249123529

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2471403

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$100.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Tara Lee Waldron

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 112 Michaelsen Drive, Femley, NV 89408

BY: Brandie Martin, 09/26/2014

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

REESE R WALDRON	•	2019
TARA WALDRON	0	90-7051/3222
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PROV <i>IDENT</i>		
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	2031860 101.	



PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

04/25/2016

RECEIPT NO .:

1249130375

FILE NO.:

121-2502675

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$500.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffrey E. Veasley

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT:

Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 6940 Flower Street, Reno, NV 89506

BY: Barbara Hunsaker, 04/25/2016

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

GROWING VINES OF OREGON TRUST 3002 670 VALLEY RD RENO, NV 89512 84-181/1212



PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

04/26/2016

RECEIPT NO .:

1249130390

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2502783

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$100.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffrey E Veasley

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT:

Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 3525 Parque Verde Lane, Reno, NV 89502

BY: Brandie Martin, 04/26/2016

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."



PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

04/07/2017

RECEIPT NO .:

1249133380

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2518461

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$500.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Michael S. Zaccone

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

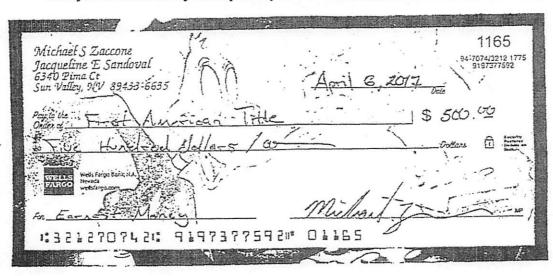
Comments:

Property Location: 2261 Matteoni Drive, Sparks, NV 89434

BY: Barbara Hunsaker, 04/07/2017

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."



Accounting Copy

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SPARKS, NV 89437 FLIP SAVINGS TAW MAMJOH 78SE

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is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account." "The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced,

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

BX: Barbara Hunsaker, 03/06/2017

Property Location: 1920 Trainer Way, Reno, NV 89512

Comments:

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

CKEDILED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffrey E. Vessley

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$100.00

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

LITE NO:

RECEIPT NO.:

121-2515712

1249133175

03/06/2017

KEPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

DATE:

Ofc: 121 (1249)

PR: 32004

5310 Kieline Lane, Suite 100 Reno, NV 89511-2043 First Am-can Title Insurance Company



PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

07/11/2017

RECEIPT NO .:

1249133918

FILE NO.: RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

121-2524122

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$2,000.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Dana Morrison

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 935 Nevada Street, Reno, NV 89503

BY: Barbara Hunsaker, 07/11/2017

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

2062 Dana Morrison 84-72/1224 Michelle Morrison 198 N Big Sage Ln Reno, NV 89511 Dollar: Benk of America ACH R/T 122400724 TMD 935 NEWADA ST #122400?24# 0050113192??#2062

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PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

07/27/2017

RECEIPT NO .:

1249134018

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2523944

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$500.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffrey Veasley

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Cashier's Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 945 Locomotive Way, Sparks, NV 89434

BY: Brandie Martin, 07/27/2017

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

Bank of America

0008674

Cashier's Check

Void After 90 Days

No. 0897713059

stoken, a sware statement and 90-day waiting period will be prior to replacement. This check should be argentered within

' SOUTH RENO BRANCH

91-170/1221

**Five Hundred and 00/100 Dollars

To The FIRST AMERICAN TITLE

Order Of

Pay

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Remitter (Purchased By): JEFFREY VEASLEY

Bank of America, N.A.

PHOENIX, AZ

2523944-BM.

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

#O897713059# #122101706# 457002931720#

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PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

07/10/2015

RECEIPT NO .:

1249126993

FILE NO .:

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

121-2486883

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$500.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffery Veasley

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 7615 Rolling Clouds Drive, Reno, NV 89506

BY: Melissa Gyll, 07/10/2015

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

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94-72-1224

\$ (00.00

Customer Copy



First American Title Insurance Company 5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100 Reno, NV 89511-2043

PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

10/23/2015

RECEIPT NO .:

1249128265

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2493627

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$500.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffery Veasley

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 439 L Street, Sparks, NV 89431

BY: Melissa Gyll, 10/23/2015

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

		147
JEFFREY E VEASLEY	,	90-78/1211
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First American Title Insurance Company 5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100 Reno, NV 89511-2043

PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

03/03/2016

RECEIPT NO .:

1249129723

FILE NO .:

121-2499390

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$500.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffery Veasley

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Company Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 11560 Tupelo Street, Reno, NV 89506

BY: Brandie Martin, 03/03/2016

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

First American Title Insurance Company 5310 Kietzke Lane, Suițe 100 Reno. NV 89511, 2043

PR. 32004 Ofc. 121 (1249)

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS PRINTED ON CHEMICAL REACTIVE PAPER & HAS A MICROPRINTED BORDER

First American Trust, FSB -

1249485221

FILE NO. 121-2493627

Date 03/03/2016

80-4125/1222

\$500.00*****

DOLLARS

\$*****500.00

Escrow Trust Bank Account VOID AFTER 160 DAYS

TO THE ORDER

First American Title Co. FBO Jeffrey Veaste

PAY

- 2499390-

(775)823-6200



First Ame. . an Title Insurance Company 5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100 Reno, NV 89511-2043

PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

02/03/2017

RECEIPT NO .:

1249133025

FILE NO.:

121-2515104

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Adrian Lall

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$1,000.00

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 751 Tahoe Boulevard Unit 5, Incline Village, NV 89451

BY: Nicole Gubbels, 02/03/2017

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

VICTORIA BOURNE ADRIAN LALL 2159 AUTINORI CT LIVERMORE, CA 9

396 11-4268/1210 4037

751. TANDE BLO #5 INCLUE 89451

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Accounting Copy



First An. ican Title Insurance Company 5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100 Reno, NV 89511-2043

PR: 32004

Ofc: 121 (1249)

DATE:

05/31/2017

RECEIPT NO.:

1249133678

RECEIPT FOR DEPOSIT

FILE NO.:

121-2521347

FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF: \$1,000.00

WERE RECEIVED FROM: Jeffrey E. Veasley

CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT OF: Buyer

TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Personal Check

REPRESENTING: Earnest Money Deposit

Comments:

Property Location: 3525 West Plumb Lane, Reno, NV 89509

BY: Brandie Martin, 05/31/2017

ESCROW OFFICER: Brandie Martin

"The validity of this receipt, for the deposit referenced, is subject to clearance by the depository financial institution and credit to our account."

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	94.7074/3212 ***********************************	540
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SPARKS, NV 89431		\$1,000
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WELLSFARED.COM		
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Accounting Copy

EXHIBIT 2

File No: 121-2499954

Printed: 04/28/2016, 10:37 AM

Officer/Escrow Officer: Brandie

Martin/BM

Settlement Location:

5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100, Reno, NV

89511-2043

First American Title Insurance Company

5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100 • Reno, NV 89511-2043 Phone: (775)823-6200 Fax: (775)823-6250

Final Settlement Statement



Property Address: 687 West Canary Circle, Fernley, NV 89408

Buyer: Charles Edward Tolliver

Seller: Jimmy G. Williams, Nanae Williams

Lender: To Be Determined Settlement Date: 04/26/2016 Disbursement Date: 04/26/2016

Selle	er	Description	Buyer	
Debit	Credit		Debit	Credit
		Financial		
	209,500.00	Sale Price	209,500.00	
		Deposit: Receipt No. 1249130383 on 04/26/2016 by Charles Edward Tolliver		209,970.26
		Prorations/Adjustments		
	364.26	County Taxes 04/22/16 to 07/01/16 @\$1,899.35/yr	364.26	
· .		Title Charges & Escrow / Settlement Charges		
825.00		Title - Escrow Fee - General Escrow Fee - General to First American Title Insurance Company		
		Title - Document Services Document Services to First American Title Insurance Company	80.00	
1,145.10		Title - Owner's Title Insurance (optional) Eagle Policy-O to First American Title Insurance Company		
		Commission		
12,570.00		Real Estate Commission to Great Western Real Estate, Terry Nelson		
		Government Recording and Transfer Charges		
		Grant Deed to Lyon County Recorder	15.00	
		e-Recording Fee - B	5.00	
817.05	~	Real Property Transfer Tax-County to Lyon County Recorder		
		Payoff(s)		
		Lender: Navy Federal Credit Union		
169,587.67		Principal Balance to Navy Federal Credit Union		
		Interest on Payoff Loan @\$15.100000/day to Navy Federal Credit Union		
14.00		Recording Fee to Navy Federal Credit Union		

This is a summary of the closing transaction prepared by First American Title Insurance Company. This document is not intended to replace the Closing Disclosure form.

Selle	r	Description	Buyer	
Debit	Credit		Debit	Credit
422.81		int per demand to 4/30/2016 @ \$15.10/day to Navy Federal Credit Union		
		Subtotals		
		Due To Buyer	6.00	
24,482.63		Due To Seller		
209,864.26	209,864.26	Totals	209,970.26	209,970.26

Escrow Officer: Brandie Martin	
ESCION Officer. Dialitie Maj (iii	

File No: 121-2524815

Printed: 10/11/2017, 2:46 PM

Officer/Escrow Officer: Brandie

Martin/BM

Settlement Location:

5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100, Reno, NV

89511-2043

First American Title Insurance Company

5310 Kietzke Lane, Suite 100 • Reno, NV 89511-2043 Phone: (775)823-6200 Fax: (775)823-6250

Final Settlement Statement



Property Address: 7280 Gernstone Drive, Reno, NV 89511

Buyer: Alexander V Hose Seller: Terry Ann Stone

Lender:

Settlement Date: 10/10/2017 Disbursement Date: 10/10/2017

Sel	ler	Description	Buye	
Debit	Credit		Debit	Credit
***************************************		Financial		
	225,000.00	Sale Price	225,000.00	
		Deposit: Receipt No. 1249134568 on 10/06/2017 by Alexander V Hose		231,742.1
		Prorations/Adjustments		
	241.90	County Taxes 10/10/17 to 12/31/17 @\$1,087.10/yr	241.90	
	136.49	Utilities 10/10/17 to 12/31/17 @\$45.50/mo	136.49	
	5,197.00	Cash contribution from buyer for second lien	5,197.00	
		Title Charges & Escrow / Settlement Charges		
1,209.00		Eagle Policy-O to First American Title Insurance Company		
700.00		Escrow Fee - General to First American Title Insurance Company	525.00	
		Binder to First American Title Insurance Company	108.51	
		Commission		
6,750.00		Real Estate Commission to Great Western Real Estate, Terry Nelson		
6,750.00		Real Estate Commission to Great Western Real Estate, Brian Nelson		
***************************************		Government Recording and Transfer Charges		
		Deed of TrustFirst to Washoe County Recorder	38.00	
		e-Recording Fee - B	5.00	
461.25		Real Property Transfer Tax-County to Washoe County Recorder	461.25	
		Payoff(s) and Payment(s)		
	 	Caliber Home Loans, Inc. ISAOA	•	
202,022.51	 	Principal Balance to Caliber Home Loans, Inc. ISAOA		
		Republic Equity Credit Services, Inc.		
12,000.00		Principal Balance to Republic Equity Credit Services, Inc.		

Se	ler.	Description	Buy	er
Debit	Credit		Debit	- Credit
		Miscellaneous		
`		Notice of Exemption to Air Quality Management Division	29.00	
35.57		Trash to Waste Management of Nevada Reno Disposal		
647.06		Sewer to 12/31/2017 to City of Reno - Sewer Dept.		
230,575.39	230,575.39	Subtotals	231,742.15	231,742.1
		Due From/To Buyer		
		Due From/To Seller		
230,575.39	230,575.39	Totals	231,742.15	231,742.1

Escrow Officer: Brandie Martin

EXHIBIT 3

AFFIDAVIT OF "ARM'S LENGTH TRANSACTION"

Pursuant to a residential purchase agreement ("Agreement"), the parties identified below as "Seller(s)" and "Buyer(s)," respectively, are involved in a real estate transaction whereby the Mortgage Servicer Account Number Identified as (Loan Number) the real property commonly known as (Property Address) ("Property") will be sold by Seller(s) to Buyer(s). The Investor ("Lender") holds a deed of trust or mortgage against the Property. In order to complete the sale of the Property, Seller(s) and Buyer(s) have jointly asked Lender to discount the total amount owed on the loan which is secured by the deed of trust or mortgage. Lender, in consideration for the representations made below by Seller(s), Buyer(s), and their respective agents, agrees to a short sale on the express condition that Seller(s), Buyers, and their respective agents (including, without limitation, real estate agents, escrow agents, and title agents) each truthfully represents, affirms, and states as follows:

- (a) The sale of the Mortgaged Premises is an "arm's length" transaction, between parties who are unrelated and unaffiliated by family, marriage, or commercial enterprise;
- (b) There are no agreements, understandings or contracts between the parties that the Borrower will remain in the Mortgaged Premises as a tenant or later obtain title or ownership of the Mortgaged Premises, except to the extent that the Borrower is permitted to remain as a tenant on the Mortgaged Premises for a short term, as is common and customary in the market but no longer than ninety (90) days, in order to facilitate relocation;
- (c) Neither the Borrower(s) nor the purchaser(s) will receive any funds or commissions from the sale of the Mortgaged Premises. The Borrower may receive a payment if it is offered by PHH Mortgage, approved by the Investor and reflected on the
 HUD-1 Settlement Statement.
- (d) There are no agreements, understandings or contracts relating to the current sale or subsequent sale of the Mortgaged Premises that have not been disclosed to the Servicer.
- (e) All amounts to be paid to any party, including holders of other liens on the Mortgaged Premises, in connection with the short payoff transaction have been disclosed to and approved by the Servicer and will be reflected on the <u>HUD-1 Settlement Statement</u>
- (f) Each signatory understands, agrees and intends that the Servicer and Investor are relying upon the statements made in the affidavit as consideration for the reduction of the payoff amount of the Mortgage and agreement to the sale of the Mortgaged Premises;
- (g) A signatory who makes a negligent or intentional misrepresentation agrees to indemnify the Servicer and Investor for any and all loss resulting from the misrepresentation including, but not limited to, repayment of the amount of the reduced payoff of the Mortgage;
- (h) The certification will survive the closing of the transaction; and

(i) Each signatory misrepresental	understands that a misrepresentation to civil and/or criminal liability	on may subject the party making the	ne
I declare under pen statements made in	alty of perjury under the laws of the this Affidavit are true and correct.	State ofthat all	
imprisonment, or l concerning any of	fully understand that it is a Federa both, to knowingly and willfully ma the above facts as applicable und e, Section 1001, et seq.	ike anv false statements	
Seller:		Seller:	
	Date		Date
Print Name: _		Print Name:	•
Buyer:		Buyer:	
•	Date		Date
Print Name:		Print Name:	
Listing Broker:	Date	Purchaser's Broker:	Date
Print Name:	Date	Print Name:	
Transaction Facilitator:	Date	Transaction Facilitator:	Date
Print Name:	Date	Print Name:	
Escrow/ Closing Agent		Transaction Facilitator:	
	Date		Date
Print Name:		Print Name:	

upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument. I certify UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct. WITNESS my hand and official seal. Signature (seal) STATE OF _____ COUNTY OF _____ On _____, before me, _____, Notary Public, personally appeared _____, who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity, and that by his/her/their signature on the instrument the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument. I certify UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of ___ that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct. WITNESS my hand and official seal. Signature (seal) STATE OF _____ COUNTY OF _____ On ______, before me, _____, Notary Public, personally , who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity, and that by his/her/their signature on the instrument the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument. I certify UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity, and that by his/her/their signature on the instrument the person, or the entity

(seal)	Signature	в	
(seal)			

EXHIBIT 4

STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY REAL ESTATE DIVISION

3300 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 350, Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 * (702) 486-4033 e-mail: realest@red.nv.gov * http://red.nv.gov/

WAIVER FORM

In representing any client in an agency relationship, a real estate licensee has specific statutory duties to that client. Under Nevada law only one of these duties can be waived. NRS 645.254 requires a licensee to "present all offers made to or by the client as soon as practicable." This duty may be waived by the client.

"Presenting all offers" includes without limitation: accepting delivery of and conveying offers and counteroffers: answering a client's questions regarding offers and counteroffers; and assisting a client in preparing, communicating and negotiating offers and counteroffers.

In order to waive the duty, the client must enter into a written agreement waiving the licensee's obligation to perform the duty to present all offers. By signing below you are agreeing that the licensee who is representing you will not perform the duty of presenting all offers made to or by you with regard to the property located at:

Property Address	City

AGREEMENT TO WAIVER

By signing below I agree that the licensee who represents me shall not present any offers made to or by me, as defined above. I understand that a real estate transaction has significant legal and financial consequences. I further understand that in any proposed transaction, the other licensee(s) involved represents the interests of the other party, does not represent me and cannot perform the waived duty on my behalf. I further understand that I should seek the assistance of other professionals such as an attorney. I further understand that it is my responsibility to inform myself of the steps necessary to fulfill the terms of any purchase agreement that I may execute. I further understand that this waiver may be revoked in writing by mutual agreement between client and broker.

WAIVER NOT VALID UNTIL SIGNED BY BROKER.

Client	——————————————————————————————————————	Licensee	 Date
	Buto	Electisee	Date
Client	Date	Broker	Date
Revised: 03/20/17			63

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OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL CARSON CITY, NEVADA

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