Dan R. Reaser Nevada State Bar No. 1170 Allen J. Wilt Nevada State Bar No. 4798 Katherine L. Hoffman Nevada State Bar No. 11991 FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. 300 E. Second Street, Suite 1510 Reno, Nevada 89501 (775) 788-2200 Attorneys for Respondents



MAY 29 2010
REALESTATE COMMISSION

BEFORE THE REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

STATE OF NEVADA

SHARATH CHANDRA, Administrator, REAL ESTATE DIVISION, DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS & INDUSTRY, STATE OF NEVADA,	Case No.: 2016-2900
Petitioner,	
vs.	
GLEN D. KUNOFSKY,	
Respondent.	

RESPONDENT KUNOFSKY'S MOTION TO DISMISS AND/OR MOTION FOR A MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT

Respondent Glen D. Kunofsky ("Respondent"), acting by and through his legal counsel Fennemore Craig, P.C., submits this Motion to Dismiss and/or Motion for a More Definite Statement pursuant to Section 645.840 of the Nevada Administrative Code.

I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF RELEVANT FACTS

Mr. Kunofsky is a New York-licensed Associate Broker affiliated with Marcus & Millichap Real Estate Investment Services Inc. (the "Company") in New York, New York. The Amended Complaint and Notice of Hearing filed against Mr. Kunofsky on May 7, 2018, (the "Amended Complaint"), asserts two potential grounds for disciplinary action. First, the Amended Complaint alleges a violation of NRS 645.230(1)(a), which makes it unlawful "for any person . . . to engage in the business of, act in the capacity of, advertise or assume to act as, a . . . (a) Real estate broker, real estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson within the State

28
FENNEMORE CRAIG
ATTORNEYS
300 E. SECOND ST.
SUITE 1510
REMO. REMO. REMO. BESSO1

9.

of Nevada" without first obtaining the appropriate license from the Nevada Real Estate Division (the "Division" or "NRED").

Second, the Amended Complaint also claims that Mr. Kunofsky is subject to discipline under NRS 645.235(1)(a), which provides that the Nevada Real Estate Commission (the "Commission" or "NREC") may "impose an administrative fine against any person who knowingly . . . [e]ngages or offers to engage in any activity for which a license, permit, certificate or registration or any type of authorization is required pursuant to this chapter, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto," without holding the required license, permit, certificate or registration or has not been given the required authorization.

The only factual bases stated in the Amended Complaint for these alleged violations is that Mr. Kunofsky signed documents entitled "Interstate Brokerage Cooperation Agreement – Turf State" with respect to certain Nevada properties.¹ The Amended Complaint also states for some (but not all) of the Nevada Transactions, "advertising" for the properties included Mr. Kunofsky's name. The Amended Complaint does not allege that any buyer or seller was harmed in any of the Nevada Transactions, and no buyer, seller, or consumer made any complaint regarding Mr. Kunofsky or the Nevada Transactions.

II. DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Occupational licensees like Mr. Kunofsky have a protected property interest in their professional licenses.² Accordingly, the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution affords certain protections to Mr. Kunofsky in this contest case proceeding. As part of these due process protections, NRED must "give notice to the defending party of 'the issues on which decision will turn and . . . the factual material on which the agency relies for decision so that he

The alleged transactions involve the following properties: 2341 Comstock Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada (the "Academy of Excellence"); 2020 Reno Highway, Fallon, Nevada ("Walgreens"); 5015 Kietzke Lane, Reno, Nevada (the "Reno Red Lobster"); 2325 East Flamingo Road, Las Vegas, Nevada ("Las Vegas Red Lobster"); 570 Marks Street, Henderson, Nevada ("Henderson Red Lobster"); 1625 South Decatur Boulevard, Las Vegas, Nevada ("ARCO", and collectively, the "Nevada Transactions").

See, e.g., Potter v. State Bd. of Med. Examiners, 101 Nev. 369, 371, 705 P.2d 132, 134 (1985).

22 23

19

20

21

24 25

26

27 28 alleged violation is also mandated by Section 233B.121 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, which states that the agency must provide "a short and plain statement of the matters asserted." The due process requirements for adequate notice are satisfied "where the parties are sufficiently apprised of the nature of the proceedings so that there is no unfair surprise. The crucial element is adequate opportunity to prepare."4 The Amended Complaint fails these basic due process requirements and must be

may rebut it."3 This requirement to provide sufficient notice as to the factual basis for the

dismissed because it does not allege facts sufficient to constitute violations, nor does it sufficiently appraise Mr. Kunofsky as to what conduct NRED believes constitutes six violations of "NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a)."5 Where a complaint fails to plead an essential element of the alleged violation, the complaint must be dismissed.6 While dismissal of the Amended Complaint is appropriate, at a minimum, NRED must provide a more definite statement before the Amended Complaint can proceed to a contested case proceeding. Due process demands that NRED apprise Mr. Kunofsky as to the grounds for the alleged violations and the "factual material on which the agency relies."

As a threshold matter, the Amended Complaint fails to allege facts sufficient to support the allegations that Mr. Kunofsky "engag[ed] in the business of, act[ed] in the capacity of, or advertis[ed] or assum[ed] to act" as real estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson within the State of Nevada without first obtaining the appropriate license. The definitions of a real estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson both require that the individuals be performing the activities of a real estate broker while associating with a licensed Nevada

Dutchess Bus. Servs., Inc. v. Nevada State Bd. of Pharmacy, 124 Nev. 701, 711, 191 P.3d 1159, 1166 (2008) citing Bowman Transp. v. Ark.-Best Freight System, 419 U.S. 281, 288-89 n. 4 (1974); see also NRS 233B.121 (requiring the agency to provide "a short and plain statement of the matters asserted").

Nevada State Apprenticeship Council v. Ioint Apprenticeship & Training Comm. for Elec. Indus., 94 Nev. 763, 765, 587 P.2d 1315, 1317 (1978)

Glen D. Kunofsky, Amended Complaint, Case No. 2016-2900 (May 7, 2018) at para. 57.

See Edgar v. Wagner, 101 Nev. 226, 228, 699 P.2d 110, 112 (1985).

Kunofsky ever associated or attempted to associate with a licensed Nevada real estate broker. Thus, without any allegations as to this required element of the definitions of a real estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson, the Amended Complaint fails as a matter of law with respect to any allegations that Mr. Kunofsky violated NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a) by "engaging in the business of, acting in the capacity of, or advertising or assuming" to act as a real estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson. Consequently, the only remaining potential basis for discipline is that with respect to the six Nevada Transactions, Mr. Kunofsky engaged in the activities of a real estate broker, as defined in NRS 645.030.

broker.7 The Amended Complaint does not include any statements or allegations that Mr.

A. ALL VIOLATIONS RELATED TO THE ACADEMY OF EXCELLENCE AND THE ARCO TRANSACTIONS MUST BE DISMISSED

Any alleged violations relating to the Academy of Excellence and ARCO transactions must be dismissed because the Amended Complaint fails to assert sufficient facts to find that Mr. Kunofsky violated NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a) by "engaging in the business of, acting in the capacity of, or advertising or assuming to act as a real estate broker"8 Moreover, proceeding to a hearing on the Amended Complaint would violate Mr. Kunofsky's due process rights because it lacks sufficient detail to establish the basic elements of a violation of these statutes.

NRS 645.030 defines a "real estate broker" as, a "person who, for another and for compensation or with the intention or expectation of receiving compensation" performs certain specified duties relating to the sale, purchase, lease, or management of real property.9 Receiving or expecting to receive compensation is a fundamental element of this definition; unless one or more of the activities listed in NRS 645.030 are undertaken for compensation (or the expectation of it), the individual cannot be found to have acted as a real estate broker.

⁷ NEV. REV. STAT. §§ 645.035 & .040.

⁸ Glen D. Kunofsky, Amended Complaint, Case No. 2016-2900 (May 7, 2018) at para. 57.

⁹ NEV. REV. STAT. § 645.030 (emphasis added).

As regarding the Academy of Excellence and ARCO transactions, there is absolutely no allegation in the Amended Complaint that Mr. Kunofsky received, or expected to receive any commission or other compensation in connection with these property sales. The alleged violations relating to these properties fail as a matter of law because a real estate broker is, by definition, someone who engages in the statutory activities "for compensation or with the intention or expectation of receiving compensation." Absent such factual allegations, the Amended Complaint is facially defective and the alleged violations of NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a) relating to these transactions must be dismissed.

B. ALL VIOLATIONS RELATING TO THE RENO RED LOBSTER MUST BE DISMISSED

The Amended Complaint's alleged violations of NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a) with respect to the Reno Red Lobster must also be dismissed because the Amended Complaint fails to allege facts necessary to support a determination that Mr. Kunofsky "engag[ed] in the business of, act[ed] in the capacity of, or advertis[ed] or assum[ed] to act" as a real estate broker with respect to this transaction.

The Amended Complaint sets out only the barest of allegations relating to Mr. Kunofsky's involvement with the Reno Red Lobster property. NRED has proffered no facts indicating that Mr. Kunofsky engaged in any of the activities of a real estate broker as specified in NRS 645.030.10 Rather, the Amended Complaint merely claims that Mr. Kunofsky signed a document entitled "Brokerage Cooperation Agreement – Turf State" and received compensation. The Amended Complaint makes no assertions whatsoever regarding what this document is, what it means, who else signed the document, or what Mr. Kunofsky agreed to by signing it.11 Put another way, the act of signing this document, without more, does not violate

See NEV. REV. STAT. § 645.030 ("Real estate broker" means a person who, for another and for compensation or with the intention or expectation of receiving compensation . . . (a) Sells, exchanges, options, purchases, rents or leases, or negotiates or offers, attempts or agrees to negotiate the sale, exchange, option, purchase, rental or lease of, or lists or solicits prospective purchasers, lessees or renters of, any real estate or the improvements thereon or any modular homes, used manufactured homes, used mobile homes or other housing offered or conveyed with any interest in real estate).

The only detail from the document included in the Amended Complaint is that the agreement states that Mr. Kunofsky should not put his name on marketing materials for Nevada

Nevada law, and the Amended Complaint fails to allege any other details or specific actions by Mr. Kunofsky that would constitute the activities of a real estate broker.¹² Because the Amended Complaint lacks any factual allegations that would support a determination that Mr. Kunofsky acted as a real estate broker for the Reno Red Lobster transaction, this alleged violation must be dismissed and cannot proceed to hearing.

C. THE VIOLATIONS RELATING TO THE REMAINING NEVADA TRANSACTIONS MUST BE DISMISSED OR DESCRIBED WITH PARTICULARITY IN A MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT

NRED also provides very few details about Mr. Kunofsky's activities in the Walgreens, Las Vegas Red Lobster, and Henderson Red Lobster Transactions. The only factual claims set forth in the Amended Complaint about Mr. Kunofsky's role in these transactions are that he signed a document entitled "Brokerage Cooperation Agreement – Turf State," received compensation, and that "advertising for the offering of the sale" of each property "stated that was being listed by" Mr. Kunofsky.¹³

As explained in Section B above, the simple assertion that Mr. Kunofsky executed a "Brokerage Cooperation Agreement – Turf State", without any additional details or information, is not sufficient to establish any violation of NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a).¹⁴ As such, it appears that these alleged violations are wholly premised on the

properties. This directive complies with NRED and NREC's apparent interpretation of statutes and regulations, and certainly does not suggest that signing this agreement constitutes unlawfully acting as a Nevada broker.

The Amended Complaint's remaining allegations relating to this property do not allege any actions Mr. Kunofsky, let alone "knowing" actions as required by 645.235(1)(a). For example, while the Amended Complaint claims that the Company entered into a Representation Agreement and that the Company's New York office information (not Mr. Kunofsky's name or contact information) appeared on "advertising" for the Reno Red Lobster. The Amended Complaint does not claim that Mr. Kunofsky participated in or engaged in any of those actions. Indeed, the Complaint does not even claim Mr. Kunofsky had knowledge of those actions.

See Glen D. Kunofsky, Amended Complaint, Case No. 2016-2900 (May 7, 2018) at para. 16, 18, 38, 40, 46 and 48. Again, while the Amended Complaint claims that the *Company* entered into certain agreements regarding these properties, the Complaint does not even allege that Mr. Kunofsky had knowledge of those agreements.

To the extent that NRED believes this action alone is grounds for discipline, it has utterly failed to allege with particularity the connection between the Brokerage Cooperation Agreement – Turf State document and NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a), and due process requires a more definite

claims in paragraphs 18, 40, and 48 that certain "advertising" stated that the properties were listed by Mr. Kunofsky. Notably, the Amended Complaint makes *no* claim that Mr. Kunofsky requested the advertising, supervised the creation of advertising, or even knew the advertising existed. Without any allegations as to Mr. Kunofsky's knowledge about the purported advertising, the Amended Complaint fails to allege a necessary element of NRS 645.235(1)(a), which requires that the person "knowingly" engaged in activities requiring a license. Without such an allegation, the Amended Complaint fails to state a cause of action under NRS 645.235(1)(a) and these claims must be dismissed.¹⁵

Additionally, the NRS 645.230(1)(a) claims lack the particularity required to afford Mr. Kunofsky adequate notice and the opportunity to prepare and respond. The allegations as to "advertising" are wholly devoid of any details relating to the advertising medium, when or where the advertising occurred, and whether any Nevada residents viewed the Advertising. For these reasons, NRED must file a more definite statement as to the bases for these remaining alleged violations.

III. CONCLUSION

The Amended Complaint fails to provide Mr. Kunofsky with sufficient notice as to the factual grounds for the alleged violations and therefore does not comply with minimum due process standards. Indeed, the sparse factual allegations in the Amended Complaint, even if presumed true, are insufficient to establish any violations of NRS 645.230(1)(a) and/or NRS 645.235(1)(a) with respect to the Academy of Excellence, ARCO, and Reno Red Lobster transactions. Moreover, by not addressing the requisite knowledge requirement, the Complaint fails to allege the facts necessary to make out any violation of NRS 645.235(1)(a) regarding the Walgreens, Las Vegas Red Lobster and Henderson Red Lobster transactions. Accordingly, those portions of the Amended Complaint must be dismissed. At most, the only alleged

statement as to the basis for discipline.

The Amended Complaint similarly fails to make any allegations as to Mr. Kunofsky's knowledge about the purported advertising for the Academy of Excellence, ARCO and Reno Red Lobster transactions. The violations of NRS 645.235(1)(a) with respect to those transactions could also be dismissed for this reason.

violations that do not fail as a matter of law relate to NRS 645.230(1)(a) and the Walgreens, Las Vegas Red Lobster and Henderson Red Lobster transactions. However, those allegations lack particularity and due process requires NRED to supplement those claims with a more definite statement.

DATED and respectfully submitted this 29th day of May, 2018.

FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C.

Dan R. Reaser (Bar 146, 1170) Allen J. Wilt (Bar No. 4798)

Katherine L. Hoffman (Bar No. 11991)

300 E. Second Street, Suite 1510

Reno, Nevada 89501 (775) 788-2200

Attorneys for Respondent

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

2	I hereby certify that the foregoing RESPONDENT KUNOFSKY'S MOTION TO
3	DISMISS AND/OR MOTION FOR MORE DEFINITIVE STATEMENT was submitted for
4	filing with the Nevada Real Estate Commission on the 29 th day of May, 2018. I further certify
5	that I served a copy of this document by mailing a true and correct copy thereof, postage prepaid
6	to the following:
7	
8	Sharath Chandra, Administrator Department of Business and Industry
9	Nevada Real Estate Division 3300 W. Sahara Avenue, Suite 350
10	Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 For the Nevada Real Estate Division
11	Keith E. Kizer
12	Senior Deputy Attorney General State of Nevada
13	555 E. Washington Avenue, Suite 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
14	Counsel for the Nevada Real Estate Division
15	Administration Section Manager Department of Business and Industry
	Nevada Real Estate Division
16	3300 W. Sahara Avenue, Suite 350 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102
17	For the Nevada Real Estate Commission
18	Asheesh Bhalla Deputy Attorney General
19	State of Nevada
20	555 E. Washington Avenue, Suite 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
21	Counsel for the Nevada Real Estate Commission
22	DATED this John day of May, 2018.
23	Mana of Wheolan
6.3	

An Employee of Fennemore Craig, P.C.